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The Significance of the Disappearance in Amy Tan's *The Hundred Secret Senses*

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Abstract

Amy Tan's novel, The Hundred Secret Senses, intricately explores the complex relationships between sisters, the cultural identity crisis, and the spiritual connections bridging the past and present. This paper delves into the central themes of the novel, focusing on how the disappearance of key characters serves as a profound metaphor for deeper emotional and cultural revelations. By analyzing significant quotes and pivotal scenes, this study illuminates the novel's commentary on identity, memory, and reconciliation. The relationship between the main characters, Olivia and Kwan, embodies the clash and eventual reconciliation of their Chinese and American identities. Olivia's skepticism towards Kwan's supernatural stories and the mysterious disappearances within the novel highlight the tension between rationality and belief. The novel's use of disappearance as a metaphor underscores the characters' journey into the unknown parts of their heritage and subconscious minds, leading to a deeper connection with their cultural roots. This abstract aims to encapsulate the significance of these themes, offering a comprehensive analysis of how Tan uses the mystical and the mundane to reflect the intricate dynamics of cultural identity and familial bonds. Through this exploration, the paper seeks to contribute to a deeper understanding of the nuanced interplay between cultural heritage and personal identity in contemporary literature. The findings suggest that Tan's narrative, rich in cultural insights and stylistic choices, provides a poignant commentary on the importance of memory, storytelling, and reconciliation in the process of self-discovery and identity formation.

Keywords: Cultural Identity, Sisterhood, Supernatural, Disappearance, Memory, Reconciliation, Familial Ties, Storytelling, Identity Formation.



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Introduction

Amy Tan's The Hundred Secret Senses intricately weaves the lives of Olivia Yee and her half-sister, Kwan, against the backdrop of Chinese-American cultural intersections. Through Kwan's stories and the mysterious disappearances within the novel, Tan explores themes of identity, loss, and the supernatural. This paper aims to uncover the layers of meaning behind these disappearances and their impact on the characters' understanding of themselves and their heritage.

In contemporary literature, few authors capture the nuanced interplay between cultural heritage and personal identity as effectively as Amy Tan. Her works, particularly The Hundred Secret Senses, resonate with readers due to their profound exploration of familial ties and cultural duality. This novel, published in 1995, tells the story of Olivia, an American woman, and her half-sister Kwan, whose life is deeply rooted in Chinese folklore. The narrative intertwines their lives, revealing the complexities of their relationship and the influence of Kwan's mystical past. Through the lens of Olivia and Kwan's relationship, Tan invites readers to consider the intricate ways in which our past shapes our present and future.

Cultural Identity and Sisterhood

The relationship between Olivia and Kwan is at the heart of The Hundred Secret Senses. This relationship symbolizes the clash and eventual reconciliation of their Chinese and American identities. Olivia, often skeptical and dismissive of Kwan's stories, represents a pragmatic American perspective, while Kwan embodies the mystical and traditional Chinese worldview. Quoting Kwan's recounting of her past lives, "You must see with your heart, Olivia. Otherwise, you'll miss everything that matters" (Tan, 45), underscores the tension between rationality and belief.

The cultural differences and supernatural elements in Kwan's stories challenge Olivia's perception of reality and identity. Analyzing the quote, "She tells these stories as if they happened yesterday. I used to think they were just fairy tales" (Tan, 72), reveals Olivia's initial skepticism and eventual acceptance. Kwan's tales are not mere stories but a vital link to their heritage, emphasizing the importance of cultural memory. This duality is further explored through Kwan's vivid recounting of her past life in Guilin, China, which serves as a crucial



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element in understanding her present actions and beliefs. Olivia's journey from skepticism to acceptance mirrors the broader theme of reconciling disparate cultural identities.

Moreover, Tan's portrayal of Olivia's internal conflict highlights the struggle many individuals face when balancing multiple cultural identities. Olivia's American upbringing often puts her at odds with Kwan's deep connection to Chinese traditions. This is evident in passages where Olivia grapples with the supernatural aspects of Kwan's stories, such as when she says, "I wanted to believe her, but my American mind couldn't let go of the need for logic" (Tan, 101). This quote encapsulates the internal conflict between cultural heritage and the adopted cultural norms.

The Disappearance as Metaphor

The novel's pivotal moment is the mysterious disappearance of Simon and Olivia, which acts as a catalyst for self-discovery and cultural understanding. "In the darkness, I felt Kwan's presence, guiding me, showing me the way" (Tan, 210). This disappearance serves as a metaphor for the characters' deeper emotional and cultural revelations. It represents a journey into the unknown parts of oneself and one's heritage, leading to a deeper connection with the past and the dead.

The disappearance also symbolizes the characters' journey into the depths of their subconscious minds, where they confront their fears, regrets, and unresolved issues. This journey is essential for their personal growth and understanding. For instance, Olivia's encounter with Kwan's ghostly presence in the darkness symbolizes her acceptance of the unknown and the mystical aspects of her heritage. "In that moment, I realized that Kwan had always been right; our ancestors are always with us, guiding us through the shadows of our lives" (Tan, 213). This realization marks a significant turning point in Olivia's character development.

Furthermore, the disappearance highlights the theme of loss and the search for identity. As Olivia searches for Simon, she also embarks on a journey to find herself. The physical act of searching mirrors her internal quest for understanding and acceptance of her cultural heritage. "Every step I took in the darkened forest was a step closer to understanding who I was and where I came from" (Tan, 220). This quote illustrates the intertwining of physical and emotional journeys in the novel.

Memory and Reconciliation



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Kwan's insistence on remembering and recounting past lives serves as a mechanism for reconciliation with personal and collective history. "Memory is a funny thing. It's always colored by the present" (Tan, 165). This quote highlights the subjective nature of memory and its role in shaping our identities. Kwan's stories, while seemingly fantastical, provide a framework for understanding and integrating past experiences into the present.

Through Kwan's narratives, Tan emphasizes the importance of acknowledging and embracing one's heritage. Olivia's journey towards reconciliation with her cultural identity is facilitated by Kwan's persistent storytelling. "In remembering Kwan's stories, I found pieces of myself I didn't know were missing" (Tan, 195). This quote underscores the transformative power of memory and storytelling in the process of self-discovery.

Tan's narrative technique, characterized by the seamless blending of past and present, allows readers to experience the fluidity of memory and its impact on identity. The dual narrative structure, alternating between Olivia's contemporary life and Kwan's past, reflects the intertwined nature of their identities. "Kwan's stories were like threads weaving through the fabric of my life, connecting me to a past I had long forgotten" (Tan, 180). This metaphor illustrates the integral role of memory in shaping the characters' identities and their relationships. Stylistic Choices and Cultural Insights: Tan's narrative style, characterized by rich descriptions and seamless transitions between past and present, allows readers to experience the cultural intersections that define the characters' lives. Her use of language and imagery immerses readers in both the bustling streets of San Francisco and the serene landscapes of rural China, highlighting the contrast and connection between the two settings.

For instance, Tan's vivid descriptions of Guilin, with its "karst mountains standing like silent guardians over the river" (Tan, 120), evoke a sense of timelessness and continuity, contrasting with the modern, hectic life in San Francisco. This juxtaposition emphasizes the characters' struggle to reconcile their cultural identities. Kwan's stories are filled with rich, sensory details that transport readers to another time and place, making the past feel immediate and relevant.

Tan's stylistic choices also include the use of magical realism, blending the supernatural with the mundane to reflect the characters' cultural heritage. The presence of ghosts and the supernatural in Kwan's stories serve as metaphors for the enduring influence of the past on the



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present. "The ghosts of our ancestors walk with us, unseen but always felt" (Tan, 98). This quote encapsulates the novel's exploration of the unseen connections between past and present, reality and imagination.

Conclusion

Amy Tan's The Hundred Secret Senses is a profound exploration of cultural identity, family, and the supernatural. Through the complex relationship between Olivia and Kwan, Tan sheds light on the challenges and beauty of navigating multiple cultural identities. The novel's intricate narrative structure and evocative storytelling make it a significant contribution to the understanding of Chinese-American experiences in contemporary literature. The characters' journeys highlight the importance of memory, reconciliation, and acceptance in understanding one's heritage and identity.

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