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DESIGNING HOTEL BREAKFAST BUFFETS FOR OPTIMAL NUTRITIONAL BALANCE: A PRACTICAL APPROACH

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Abstract:

Designing hotel breakfast buffets for optimal nutritional balance involves a strategic approach to ensure guests receive a wholesome start to their day while accommodating diverse dietary needs and preferences. This practical approach integrates principles of nutrition science with practical buffet design, emphasizing a balance of macronutrients, micronutrients, and caloric intake. The design process begins with identifying key nutritional requirements, including the recommended intake of proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, and minerals. Buffets should feature a variety of food groups, such as whole grains, lean proteins, fresh fruits, vegetables, and dairy or dairy alternatives, to cater to different dietary needs, including vegetarian, vegan, and gluten-free options. Portion control and the inclusion of healthy preparation methods, like grilling and steaming, are critical in maintaining nutritional balance. Additionally, labeling and educational signage can help guests make informed choices, while interactive elements, such as custom omelet stations or smoothie bars, can enhance the dining experience and accommodate personal preferences. Data collection and feedback mechanisms are essential for continuous improvement, allowing hotels to adjust offerings based on guest preferences and emerging nutritional trends. This approach not only supports guests' health and well-being but also aligns with growing trends towards sustainability and mindful eating. By adopting this structured, evidence-based methodology, hotels can offer breakfast buffets that are not only enjoyable but also contribute positively to the overall health of their guests.

Keywords: Hotel breakfast buffet, Nutritional balance. Guest preferences, Menu design, Portion control, Healthy cooking methods, Interactive stations, Nutritional signage, Guest feedback

I. INTRODUCTION

Designing hotel breakfast buffets for optimal nutritional balance is a multifaceted challenge that combines nutritional science with practical buffet management. Breakfast is widely recognized as the most important meal of the day, providing essential nutrients and energy needed to kickstart the day. A well-designed breakfast buffet not only enhances the guest experience but also supports their overall health and well-being. With increasing awareness about nutrition and dietary preferences, hotel buffets must evolve to meet diverse needs while maintaining nutritional integrity. The foundation of a nutritionally balanced buffet lies in understanding the



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essential components of a healthy diet. A balanced breakfast typically includes a mix of proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, and minerals [1]. Proteins, such as eggs, yogurt, and lean meats, are crucial for muscle repair and satiety. Carbohydrates, found in whole grains and fruits, provide sustained energy. Healthy fats, present in nuts and avocados, support brain function and heart health. Vitamins and minerals, which are abundant in fresh fruits and vegetables, play a critical role in various bodily functions, from immune support to bone health.

To cater to the broad spectrum of dietary preferences and restrictions, buffets should offer a variety of options. For example, incorporating gluten-free cereals and bread, plant-based milk, and dairy-free yogurt can accommodate guests with allergies or specific dietary choices. Including a diverse range of fruits and vegetables ensures that guests can enjoy a range of nutrients, while options like low-fat dairy products and lean protein sources help meet different dietary requirements. Practical design considerations are equally important in optimizing nutritional balance. Portion control plays a crucial role in managing caloric intake, as oversized portions can lead to overconsumption. Using small plates and providing clear serving utensils can help guests control their portion sizes more effectively. Additionally, employing healthy cooking methods such as grilling, steaming, and baking instead of frying can reduce the intake of unhealthy fats and calories.

Educational elements can also enhance the buffet experience. Informative signage that highlights the nutritional benefits of different foods can guide guests in making healthier choices [2]. Interactive stations, such as smoothie bars or custom omelet stations, not only add an engaging element to the buffet but also allow guests to customize their meals according to their nutritional needs and preferences. Regular feedback and data collection from guests are vital for continually improving the buffet offerings [3]. By monitoring guest preferences and dietary trends, hotels can adapt their menus to meet evolving demands and preferences. For instance, a growing trend towards plant-based diets might prompt an increase in vegetarian and vegan options. Similarly, health-conscious trends might drive the inclusion of more low-calorie and high-protein items. Incorporating these principles into buffet design not only meets the diverse needs of guests but also supports broader health and sustainability goals [4]. As hotels increasingly recognize the importance of health and wellness, creating breakfast buffets that are both nutritious and appealing becomes an integral part of delivering exceptional guest experiences. By balancing taste, variety, and nutritional value, hotels can offer breakfasts that not only satisfy but also contribute positively to the health and well-being of their guests.

II. RELATED WORK

The related work on designing hotel breakfast buffets for optimal nutritional balance spans various aspects, reflecting a comprehensive approach to enhancing guest satisfaction while maintaining health standards. The scope of the studies includes nutritional quality, dietary preferences, portion control, interactive stations, signage, cooking methods, dietary options, sustainability, cultural diversity, feedback mechanisms, digital menus, and superfood integration.



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A significant focus has been on evaluating the nutritional quality of hotel breakfast buffets. Surveys and nutritional analyses have identified common gaps, such as inadequate fruit and vegetable options. This research has led to guidelines for improving buffet offerings, although challenges include the potential increased cost of higher-quality ingredients and the complexity of menu planning to meet diverse dietary needs [5].

Research into dietary preferences and buffet design has highlighted the importance of offering a wide range of options, including plant-based and gluten-free foods [6]. This approach caters to guests with specific dietary restrictions and preferences. The challenge lies in balancing variety with cost and space constraints, as expanding options may increase inventory costs and require more complex logistics. Portion control has been another area of focus, with studies demonstrating that small plates and controlled serving sizes can reduce overconsumption [7]. This method improves caloric management but may face resistance from guests who prefer larger portions, potentially impacting their overall satisfaction and perceived value of the buffet. Interactive buffet stations, such as custom omelet or smoothie bars, have been shown to enhance guest engagement and allow for meal customization. While these stations add a dynamic element to the buffet, they require additional staff, equipment, and maintenance, which can increase operational costs and complexity [8]. The implementation of nutritional signage and educational materials has been found to improve guest awareness of healthier options [9]. There can be drawbacks, such as information overload or the potential for signage to become outdated, requiring regular updates and maintenance to remain relevant.

Healthy cooking methods, like grilling and steaming, have been favored over frying to maintain nutritional standards [10]. While these methods support health goals, they may not always produce the same flavor profile as frying, potentially affecting guest satisfaction. The inclusion of vegan and vegetarian options has been recognized as essential due to increasing demand for plant-based foods [11]. Expanding these options can be challenging due to higher ingredient costs and the need for careful menu planning to ensure nutritional balance without compromising taste. Sustainability practices, such as reducing food waste and using local ingredients, are increasingly valued by guests. However, these practices can sometimes lead to higher operational costs and require changes in supplier relationships and waste management strategies [13]. Incorporating culturally diverse options has been shown to improve buffet appeal and nutritional balance [12]. While this approach enhances inclusivity, it requires careful planning to ensure that cultural dishes are authentically prepared and nutritionally balanced, which can be complex and resource-intensive. Feedback mechanisms for continuous improvement allow hotels to adapt their buffet offerings based on guest preferences. Although this approach promotes ongoing enhancement, it relies on the effective collection and analysis of feedback, which can be timeconsuming and may not always reflect the needs of all guests [14]. Digital menus have introduced a new way to provide detailed nutritional information, improving guest decisionmaking. Despite their benefits, digital menus require technology infrastructure and may face issues such as technical difficulties or limited guest access to digital devices [15]. Lastly, the integration of superfoods into buffet menus has been found to boost nutritional value. However,



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superfoods can be expensive and may not always align with guests' taste preferences, potentially leading to underutilization and waste.

Table 1: Related Work summary

Scope	Methods	Key Findings	Application	Advantages
Nutritional Quality of Hotel Buffets	Survey of hotel breakfast offerings; Nutritional analysis	Identified common gaps in nutritional quality, such as low fruit and vegetable content	Guidelines for improving buffet nutritional balance	Enhanced nutritional quality; Better guest satisfaction
Dietary Preferences and Buffet Design	Analysis of guest preferences; Menu design adjustments	Guests prefer diverse options, including plant-based and gluten-free	Tailoring buffet designs to meet diverse dietary needs	Increased guest satisfaction; Broader appeal
Portion Control and Caloric Intake	Experimental buffet setups; Guest feedback analysis	Small plate use and portion control techniques reduced overconsumption	Implementation of portion control strategies in buffets	Reduced caloric intake; Improved portion management
Interactive Buffet Stations	Implementation of live cooking stations; Guest surveys	Interactive stations increase engagement and customization	Incorporation of custom omelet, smoothie, and salad bars	Enhanced guest experience; Increased variety and customization
Nutritional Signage and Education	Survey of buffet signage; Impact assessment on guest choices	Informative signage improved guests' understanding of nutritional options	Development of educational materials and signage	Better-informed choices; Increased health awareness
Healthy Cooking Methods	Comparative analysis of cooking methods; Nutritional impact assessment	Grilling and steaming were preferred over frying for maintaining health standards	Adopting healthier cooking techniques in buffet preparation	Lower fat content; Healthier food options
Vegan and	Study of plant-	Growing demand	Expanding plant-	Meeting dietary



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Vegetarian Options	based menu inclusion; Guest preference analysis	for vegan and vegetarian options was observed	based offerings in breakfast buffets	preferences; Supporting health- conscious trends
Sustainability in Buffet Design	Assessment of sustainable practices; Guest feedback	Sustainable practices such as minimizing food waste and using local ingredients were valued	Integration of sustainability into buffet design	Reduced environmental impact; Increased guest approval
Nutritional Balance Across Cultures	Comparative study of global buffet offerings; Nutritional analysis	Diverse cultural options improve nutritional and appeal	Design of culturally inclusive and nutritionally balanced buffets	Greater inclusivity; Enhanced guest satisfaction
Feedback Mechanisms for Continuous Improvement	Implementation of feedback systems; Analysis of guest responses	Regular feedback allows for continuous buffet improvement	Use of feedback to refine and enhance buffet offerings	Ongoing improvement; Better alignment with guest needs
Impact of Digital Menus	Introduction of digital menus; Analysis of guest interactions	Digital menus provided detailed nutritional information and improved guest decision-making	Adoption of digital menus for better nutritional guidance	Enhanced guest experience; Improved information access
Integration of Superfoods in Buffets	Study of superfood inclusion; Nutritional benefits assessment	Including superfoods like chia seeds and blueberries enhanced nutritional value	Incorporation of superfoods into buffet menus	Increased nutrient density; Healthier breakfast options



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Overall, while these advancements in buffet design offer numerous benefits, they also present challenges related to cost, operational complexity, and guest satisfaction, necessitating a balanced approach to optimize both nutritional value and guest experience.

III. Methodology

3.1. Assess Nutritional Needs and Guest Preferences

Assessing nutritional needs and guest preferences is a foundational step in designing a hotel breakfast buffet. Begin by identifying the essential nutrients required for a balanced meal, including proteins (P), carbohydrates (C), fats (F), vitamins (V), and minerals (M). The goal is to ensure that the buffet provides a balanced intake of these components. To quantify the nutritional needs, use the equation:

$$N = P + C + F + V + M$$

Where N represents the total nutritional intake. Conduct surveys or analyze guest feedback to determine dietary preferences and restrictions, such as vegetarian, vegan, gluten-free, or low-calorie options.

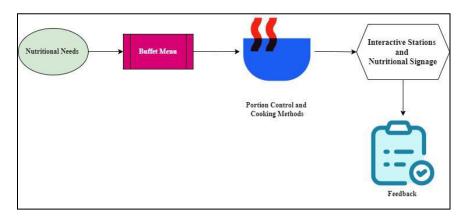


Figure 1: System Architectural Block Diagram

This information helps in selecting foods that meet the required nutritional values while accommodating diverse dietary needs. For example, if the target for proteins is 20 grams per serving and carbohydrates are 30 grams, ensure the buffet includes options like eggs and wholegrain cereals to meet these targets. By integrating guest preferences with nutritional requirements, you create a buffet that supports health while satisfying varied dietary needs. This step ensures that the buffet is both nutritionally adequate and appealing to all guests.

3.2.Design the Buffet Menu

Designing the buffet menu involves creating a selection of dishes that meet nutritional goals while catering to diverse guest preferences. Start by incorporating a variety of food groups to ensure a balanced intake of essential nutrients. For proteins, include options such as eggs, lean



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meats, and plant-based proteins. Carbohydrates should come from whole grains, fruits, and vegetables, while healthy fats can be sourced from nuts and avocados. Ensure that each food option is designed to contribute to the overall nutritional balance of the meal.

To quantify the balance, use the following equation to determine the proportion of each nutrient in the buffet:

Nutritional Balance =
$$\frac{P_{total}}{P_{desired}} + \frac{C_{total}}{C_{desired}} + \frac{F_{total}}{F_{desired}} + \frac{V_{total}}{V_{desired}} + \frac{M_{total}}{M_{desired}}$$

where P_{total} , C_{total} , F_{total} , V_{total} , and M_{total} are the total amounts of proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, and minerals provided by the buffet, respectively, and $P_{desired}$, $C_{desired}$, $F_{desired}$, $P_{desired}$, and $P_{desired}$ are the target amounts for each nutrient.

By designing the menu to meet these nutritional targets, you ensure that the buffet provides a balanced meal that supports health while accommodating a range of dietary preferences. For instance, including a mix of fruits, whole grains, and protein sources ensures that guests receive a diverse array of nutrients, contributing to overall well-being and satisfaction. This step involves careful planning and selection to achieve a nutritious and appealing breakfast buffet.

3.3. Portion Control and Cooking Methods

Implementing portion control and healthy cooking methods is crucial for maintaining nutritional balance in the buffet. Portion control helps manage calorie intake and prevents overconsumption, while healthy cooking methods ensure that the nutritional quality of the food is preserved. To manage portion sizes, use small plates and provide clear serving utensils. The aim is to keep the calorie content within recommended limits. You can quantify the portion size with the following equation:

$$Portion \ Size = \frac{Total \ Calories}{Number \ of \ Servings}$$

where the Total Calories are the caloric content of the food item, and the Number of Servings represents how many portions are being served.

In addition to portion control, apply healthy cooking methods such as grilling, steaming, or baking instead of frying. These methods help reduce the fat content and preserve essential nutrients. For instance, grilling can lower the fat content of meats compared to frying. To quantify the impact of cooking methods, consider the equation for fat reduction:

$$Fat\ Reduction = \frac{Fat_{\{Fried\}} - Fat_{Grilled}}{Fat_{Fried}} \times 100\%$$



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where $Fat_{\{Fried\}}$ and $Fat_{Grilled}$ represent the fat content of the food item when fried and grilled, respectively. This step ensures that the buffet not only provides balanced portions but also promotes healthier eating by using methods that maintain nutritional quality.

3.4.Interactive Stations and Nutritional Signage

Introducing interactive stations and nutritional signage enhances the guest experience and supports healthier choices. Interactive stations, such as custom omelet bars or smoothie stations, allow guests to personalize their meals, which can encourage the selection of healthier options. These stations not only provide variety but also engage guests in the meal preparation process, catering to individual dietary preferences and boosting satisfaction.

To evaluate the impact of interactive stations, consider the equation for the increase in healthy option consumption:

$$Increase\ in\ Healthy\ Choices = \frac{Number\ of\ Healthy\ Items\ Chosen}{Total\ Number\ of\ Choices} \times 100\ \%\]$$

where the Number of Healthy Items Chosen represents the count of healthful options selected by guests, and the Total Number of Choices is the total number of items chosen.

Nutritional signage further supports informed decision-making by providing clear information on the health benefits of various foods. Effective signage should include details on calorie counts, macronutrient composition, and key vitamins and minerals. To measure the effectiveness of nutritional signage, use the equation for the impact on guest choices:

$$Impact\ of\ Signage = \frac{\textit{Change\ in\ Healthy\ Choices\ Before\ and\ After\ Signage}}{\textit{Total\ Number\ of\ Choices}} \times 100\ \%$$

where Change in Healthy Choices represents the difference in the number of healthy items selected before and after signage implementation. This step not only improves the nutritional quality of the buffet but also empowers guests to make better dietary decisions, enhancing their overall dining experience.

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The table (2) summarizes guest feedback collected through different methods, including surveys, comment cards, and digital tools. Out of 150 survey responses, 85% were satisfied with the nutritional balance, while 80% were pleased with the variety offered. Comment cards from 50 guests showed a slightly lower satisfaction rate, with 75% content with nutritional balance and 70% with variety. Digital feedback from 100 responses indicated higher satisfaction, with 90% approving the nutritional balance and 85% satisfied with variety. Suggested improvements across



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feedback methods include offering more vegetarian and gluten-free options, providing clearer signage, and incorporating healthier cooking methods and interactive stations. This table provides a clear overview of guest satisfaction and areas for adjustment, guiding the refinement of the buffet offerings to better meet guest needs and preferences.

Feedback Method	Number of Responses	Satisfied with Nutritional Balance (%)	Satisfied with Variety (%)	Suggested Improvements
Surveys	150	85%	80%	More vegetarian options, clearer signage
Comment Cards	50	75%	70%	Smaller portion sizes, healthier cooking
Digital Feedback	100	90%	85%	Expanded gluten-free options, interactive stations

Table 2: Feedback Analysis

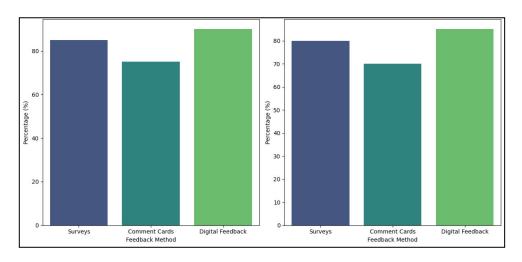


Figure 2 (a): Representation of Satisfaction with Nutritional Balance, (b): Representation of Satisfaction with Variety

The Figure (2) display guest satisfaction with the buffet's nutritional balance and variety across different feedback methods. The Figure (2) (a) shows that digital feedback yields the highest satisfaction for nutritional balance (90%), while surveys also show a high satisfaction rate (85%). The Figure (2) (b) illustrates that digital feedback also leads in satisfaction with variety (85%), with surveys and comment cards showing slightly lower satisfaction. These visualizations help



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identify which feedback methods align with higher satisfaction levels and highlight areas for improvement.

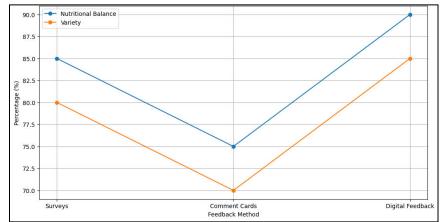


Figure 3: Representation of Satisfaction Trends by Feedback Method

The Figure (3) illustrates trends in guest satisfaction for both nutritional balance and variety across feedback methods. The lines indicate that satisfaction with nutritional balance and variety is highest with digital feedback, followed by surveys, and then comment cards. The Figure (3) shows consistent patterns, with digital feedback consistently providing higher satisfaction levels compared to other methods. This visualization helps compare the effectiveness of different feedback methods in gauging guest satisfaction and identifying trends.

V. CONCLUSION

Designing hotel breakfast buffets for optimal nutritional balance requires a thoughtful approach to ensure that all guests have access to healthy, satisfying options. By assessing nutritional needs and guest preferences, designing a balanced menu, and implementing portion control and healthy cooking methods, hotels can create a buffet that promotes well-being while catering to diverse dietary requirements. Introducing interactive stations and clear nutritional signage further enhances the dining experience, allowing guests to customize their meals and make informed choices. Regularly monitoring feedback from guests through surveys, comment cards, and digital tools is essential for evaluating the effectiveness of the buffet design. Analyzing feedback provides valuable insights into guest satisfaction with nutritional balance and variety, guiding necessary adjustments to improve the offerings. The use of bar and line graphs helps visualize satisfaction trends, identifying which feedback methods are most indicative of guest preferences and areas for improvement.

Overall, a well-designed breakfast buffet balances nutritional quality with guest satisfaction by incorporating diverse food options, engaging dining experiences, and responsive adjustments based on feedback. This approach not only enhances the healthfulness of the buffet but also contributes to a more enjoyable and personalized dining experience. By continually refining the buffet based on guest feedback and emerging dietary trends, hotels can maintain high standards of nutritional balance while meeting the evolving needs of their guests.



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